

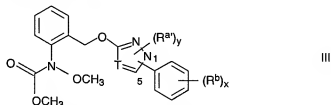
## APPENDIX I:

CLAIM AMENDMENTS:

Cancel Claims 4, 5, 16 to 18 and 22, and amend Claims 6, 19 to 21, 23 to 25, 29 and 30, as indicated in the following listing of the claims:

1. - 5. (*canceled*)

6. (*currently amended*) A method for increasing the resistance of crop plants to the phytotoxicity of other crop protection products, which comprises treating the crop plants, the soil or seeds with an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 16, wherein an active ingredient of the formula III

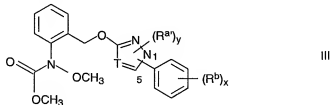


in which T is CH or N and R<sup>a'</sup> and R<sup>b</sup> are halogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, the phenyl group is in the 1- or 5-position and x is 0, 1 or 2 and y is 0 or 1.

is used which compound is taken up by the crop plants or the seeds thereof, wherein the compound of formula III is applied together, that is before, after or concomitantly, with at least one phytotoxic agrochemical, and wherein the phytotoxic agrochemical is a herbicidal crop protection product.

7. - 18. (*canceled*)

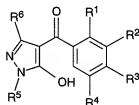
19. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 16 6, wherein the compound of formula I is an active ingredient of formula III



wherein T is CH, y is 0, (R<sup>b</sup>)<sub>x</sub> is 4-Cl, and the phenyl-(R<sup>b</sup>)<sub>x</sub> group is linked to the 5-membered ring in 1 position.

20. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 16 6, which comprises treating subterranean parts of the crop plants, the soil or seeds with an effective amount of a compound of the formula I.

21. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 14 6, wherein the resistance to the phytotoxicity of agrochemicals is increased throughout the crop plant.
22. (*canceled*)
23. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 14 6, wherein the crop plants are selected from the group consisting of wheat, barley, rye, oats, rice, golf turf, maize, bananas, cotton, soya, coffee, grapevines, fruit species, ornamentals, and vegetable species.
24. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 14 6, for the treatment of the following symptoms of crop plant damage:
- reduced plant height in rice, cereals or tomatoes;
  - development of necroses in dicotyledonous crops;
  - deformation of the leaves in wheat, cucumbers or tomatoes;
  - discoloration of the green leaf tissue in barley or soya,
  - wilting symptoms despite adequate nutrient supply.
25. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim 14 6, wherein the herbicidal crop protection product is selected from the group consisting of 4-(3-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-2-(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)pyrimidine and benzoyl compounds of formula IX



(IX)

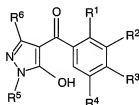
wherein

$R^1$ ,  $R^3$  are hydrogen, halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -haloalkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylthio,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulfinyl or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylsulfonyl;

$R^2$  is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group consisting of thiazol-2-yl, thiazol-4-yl, thiazol-5-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, where the abovementioned nine radicals can optionally be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by halogen,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -haloalkoxy or  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylthio;

- R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, halogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl;  
 R<sup>5</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl; and  
 R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.

26. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the herbicidal crop protection product is 4-(3-trifluoromethylphenoxy)-2-(4-tri-fluoromethylphenyl)pyrimidine.
27. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the herbicidal crop protection product is a benzoyl compound of formula IX



(IX)

wherein

- R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> are hydrogen, halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-haloalkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfinyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylsulfonyl;
- R<sup>2</sup> is a heterocyclic radical selected from the group consisting of thiazol-2-yl, thiazol-4-yl, thiazol-5-yl, isoxazol-3-yl, isoxazol-4-yl, isoxazol-5-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl, 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-4-yl and 4,5-dihydroisoxazol-5-yl, where the abovementioned nine radicals can optionally be monosubstituted or polysubstituted by halogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-haloalkoxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylthio;
- R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen, halogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl;  
 R<sup>5</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl; and  
 R<sup>6</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl.
28. (previously presented) A method as claimed in claim 25, wherein the herbicidal crop protection product is [3-(4,5-dihydroisoxazol-3-yl)-4-methane-sulfonyl-2-methylphenyl]-(5-hydroxy-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)methanone.
29. (currently amended) A method as claimed in claim 16 ~~6~~, wherein the compound of formula I and/or the herbicidal crop protection product is applied to the plants or the soil in an amount of from 0.01 to 2.0 kg/ha.

30. (*currently amended*) A method as claimed in claim ~~16~~ 6, wherein the compound of formula I and/or the herbicidal crop protection product is applied to the seeds in an amount of from 0.001 to 0.1 g/kg of seeds.